

Fundamentals of Electromigration-Aware Integrated Circuit Design

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Notes and Sources of Figures in the Book

Fig. 1.1

The trajectories are directly derived from ITRS, 2013 edition; the cross-section area was calculated by

$$A = W^2 \cdot AR$$

with area A , width W and aspect ratio AR .

Fig. 1.6

The figure comprises data from ITRS editions 2013 and 2015. While data for the years 2014 and 2015 has been removed from the later edition, remaining figures have been left unchanged. The limits between green, yellow and red area have been extracted from Fig. INTC9 of ITRS 2013 edition.

Fig. 2.14

The two curves are based on ITRS 2013 edition values: M1 halfpitch and clock frequency. Skin depth is calculated by Eq. (2.9) on p. 32 (Chap. 2).

Fig. 2.28

Frequency is taken directly from ITRS 2013 edition, problem size is calculated from M1 wiring pitch and aspect ratio.

Fig. 4.3

Width (halfpitch) is from ITRS 2013 edition, bamboo structure lengths (constant values) from [HRT01] and [HOG+12].

Fig. 4.12

Blech lengths are calculated from ITRS 2013 edition current density values, mean segment lengths are calculated from interconnect lengths on metal layers 1 through 6 and transistor density. (Transistor density has been taken from ITRS 2012 update. This value was supposed to be moved to the "Design" table in the 2013 edition, which was never published.)

Fig. 4.15

Blech lengths are calculated from ITRS 2013 edition current density values, while a lower Blech product jL is assumed for via above, mean segment lengths are calculated from interconnect lengths

on metal layers 1 through 6 and transistor density. (Transistor density has been taken from ITRS 2012 update.)

Fig. 4.19

Blech lengths are calculated from ITRS 2013 edition current density values, while a double allowed Blech product jL is assumed for reservoirs, mean segment lengths are calculated from interconnect lengths on metal layers 1 through 6 and transistor density. (Transistor density has been taken from ITRS 2012 update.)

Fig. 5.1

Mean segment lengths are calculated from interconnect lengths on metal layers 1 through 6 and transistor density. (Transistor density has been taken from ITRS 2012 update. This value was supposed to be moved to the “Design” table in the 2013 edition, which was never published.) The calculation of length limits bases on effective resistivity and maximum required current density from ITRS 2013 edition and an assumption of 100 MPa maximum allowed stress, based on a modified Eq. (4.1) on p. 106 (Chap. 4):

$$L = \frac{\Omega \cdot \Delta\sigma}{e \cdot z^* \cdot Q \cdot j}$$

Sources

The following ITRS tables where used, with the applied values marked in green.

ITRS 2013:

Table INTC2 – MPU Interconnect Technology Requirements																
Year of Production	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
DRAM ½ Pitch (nm) (contacted)	28	26	24	22	20	18	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	9.2	8.4	7.7
MPU/SiC Metal 1 ½ Pitch (nm)(contacted)	40.0	31.8	31.8	28.3	25.3	22.5	20.0	17.9	15.9	14.2	12.6	11.3	10.0	8.9	8.0	7.1
MPU Physical Gate Length (nm)	20.2	18.4	16.8	15.3	14.0	12.8	11.7	10.65	9.72	8.87	8.10	7.39	6.75	6.16	5.62	5.13
Number of metal levels (includes ground planes and passive devices)	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	15	15	15	15	16	16	16	16
Total interconnect length (m/cm²) – Metal 1 and five intermediate wire (active wiring only) [1]	2.500	3.143	3.143	3.528	3.960	4.444	4.989	5.600	6.285	7.055	7.919	8.889	9.977	11.199	12.571	14.110
J_{max} (mA/m²) – intermediate wire (at 105°C) [7]	1.50	1.68	1.79	1.81	2.01	2.29	2.34	2.59	2.88	2.94	3.26	3.76	4.23	4.50	4.91	5.35
Interlevel metal insulator – effective dielectric constant (?)	2.55-3.00	2.55-3.00	2.55-3.00	2.40-2.78	2.40-2.78	2.40-2.78	2.15-2.46	2.15-2.47	2.15-2.48	1.88-2.28	1.88-2.28	1.88-2.28	1.65-2.09	1.65-2.09	1.65-2.09	1.40-1.90
Interlevel metal insulator – bulk dielectric constant (?)	2.30-2.60	2.30-2.61	2.30-2.60	2.20-2.55	2.20-2.55	2.20-2.55	2.00-2.40	2.00-2.40	2.00-2.40	1.80-2.20	1.80-2.20	1.80-2.20	1.60-2.00	1.60-2.00	1.60-2.00	1.40-1.80
Copper diffusion barrier and etch stop – bulk dielectric constant (?)	3.00-3.50	3.00-3.50	3.00-3.50	2.60-3.00	2.60-3.00	2.60-3.00	2.40-2.60	2.40-2.60	2.40-2.60	2.10-2.40	2.10-2.40	2.10-2.40	2.00-2.22	2.00-2.22	2.00-2.22	1.80-2.02
METAL 1																
Metal 1 wiring pitch (nm)	80	64	64	57	51	45	40	36	32	28	25	23	20	18	16	14
Metal 1 A/R (for Cu)	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
Barrier/cladding thickness (for Cu Metal 1 wiring) (nm) [3]	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3
Cu thinning at minimum pitch due to erosion (nm), 10% × height, 50% areal density, 500 µm square array	7.6	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.1	4.5	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6
Conductor effective resistivity ($\mu\Omega\text{-cm}$) Cu intermediate wiring including effect of width-dependent scattering and a conformal barrier of thickness specified below	4.03	4.62	4.51	4.77	5.08	5.41	5.85	6.35	6.84	7.43	8.07	8.75	9.38	10.10	10.81	11.41
Capacitance per unit length for M1 wires (pF/cm) - assumed PMD $\gamma_{eff} = 4.2$ [6]	1.8-2.0	1.8-2.0	1.8-2.0	1.8-2.0	1.8-2.0	1.8-2.0	1.6-1.8	1.6-1.8	1.7-1.8	1.5-1.7	1.5-1.7	1.5-1.7	1.4-1.7	1.4-1.7	1.4-1.7	1.4-1.7
Interconnect RC delay (ps) for 1 mm Cu Metal 1 wire, assumes width-dependent scattering and a conformal barrier of thickness specified below [8] (Average C used from above)	7.804	10.525	15.145	17.941	24.021	33.460	44.784	58.192	74.884	84.852	154.678	170.570	215.789	312.877	399.000	535.000
Coupling ratio of M1 wire victim with an adjacent M1 wire aggressor [9]	33.1	33.1	33.1	33.9	33.9	33.9	33.4	33.4	33.4	33.9	33.9	34.2	34.2	34.4	34.4	

INTERMEDIATE WIRES																
Intermediate wiring pitch (nm)	80	64	64	57	51	45	40	36	32	28	25	23	20	18	16	14
Intermediate wiring dual damascene A/R (Cu wire)***	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3
Intermediate wiring dual damascene A/R (Cu via)***	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9
Barrier/cladding thickness (for Cu intermediate wiring) (nm) [3]	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3
Cu thinning at minimum intermediate pitch due to erosion (nm), 10% × height, 50% areal density, 500 µm square array	7.6	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.1	4.5	4.0	3.6	3.3	3.0	2.7	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.8	1.6
Conductor effective resistivity ($\mu\Omega\text{-cm}$) Cu intermediate wiring including effect of width-dependent scattering and a conformal barrier of thickness specified below	4.03	4.62	4.51	4.77	5.08	5.41	5.85	6.35	6.84	7.43	8.07	8.75	9.38	10.10	10.81	11.41
Capacitance per unit length for intermediate wires (pF/cm) - assumed PMD $\gamma_{eff} = 4.2$ [6]	1.6-1.9	1.6-1.9	1.6-1.9	1.5-1.8	1.5-1.8	1.5-1.8	1.4-1.6	1.4-1.6	1.4-1.6	1.2-1.5	1.2-1.5	1.2-1.5	1.1-1.4	1.1-1.4	1.1-1.4	1.1-1.4
Interconnect RC delay (ps) for 1 mm Cu intermediate wire, assumes width-dependent scattering and a conformal barrier of thickness specified below [8]	7.067	9.532	13.716	15.958	21.366	29.761	38.400	49.933	64.552	68.032	128.739	141.966	174.607	253.166	310.000	405.000
Coupling ratio of intermediate wire victim with an adjacent intermediate wire aggressor [9]	34.1	34.1	34.1	35.2	35.2	35.2	35.2	36.3	36.3	36.3	36.3	36.6	36.6	36.6	36.6	
Semi-global wire pitch (nm) (ASIC only) [2x of Metal 1]	160	127	127	113	101	90	80	71	64	57	51	45	40	36	32	28

Table ORTC1 2013 ORTC Technology Trend Targets–2013-2020

Year of Production ["Risk Start" Production; followed by HVM]	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Logic Industry "Node Name" Labeling (nm) [based on 0.71x reduction per "Node Name" (extended on 2yr pace from 2013)]	"16/14"		"10"		"7"		"5"	
MPU/ASIC Metal 1 (M1) ½ Pitch (nm) [l,2] (nm)	40	31.8	31.8	28.3	25.3	22.5	20.0	17.9
FinFET Fin Half-pitch (new) = .75 Mx (nm)	30.0	23.9	23.9	21.3	18.9	16.9	15.0	13.4
FinFET Fin Width (nm)	6.4	5.8	5.3	4.9	4.4	4.1	3.7	3.4
Flash ½ Pitch (nm) (un-contacted Poly)(f) [2D]	18	17	15	14.2	13.0	11.9	11.9	11.9
Flash 3D Number of Layer targets (at relaxed Poly half pitch)	16-32	16-32	16-32	16-32	16-32	32-64	32-64	48-96
Flash 3D Layer half-pitch targets (nm)	64nm	54nm	54nm	45nm	45nm	32nm	30nm	29nm
Flash Generation Bits/chip targets (independent of 2D or 3D) (SLC/MLC)	64G /128G	128G /256G	128G /256G	256G /512G	256G /512G	512G / 512G	512G / 1T	512G / 1T
DRAM Generation Bits/chip targets	4G	8G	8G	8G	8G	16G	16G	16G
DRAM ½ Pitch (nm) (contacted)	28	26	24	22	20	18	17	15
SRAM Cell (6-transistor) Area factor	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Logic Gate (4-transistor) Area factor	155	155	155	155	155	155	155	155
MPU/ASIC High Perf 6t SRAM Cell Area [60/2] (μm²)	0.096	0.061	0.061	0.048	0.038	0.030	0.024	0.019
MPU/ASIC HighPerf 4t NAND Gate Size [155/2] (um²)	0.248	0.157	0.157	0.125	0.099	0.078	0.062	0.049
MPU/ASIC HighPerf 4t NAND Gate Density (K gates/mm²)	4.03E+03	6.37E+03	6.37E+03	8.03E+03	1.01E+04	1.27E+04	1.61E+04	2.02E+04
MPU High-Performance Printed Gate Length (GLpr) (nm)	28	25	22	19.8	17.7	15.7	14.0	12.5
MPU High-Performance Physical Gate Length (GLph) (nm)	20.2	18.4	16.8	15.3	14.0	12.8	11.7	10.65
ASIC/Low Standby Power Physical Gate Length (nm)	23.0	21.0	19.2	17.5	16.0	14.6	13.3	12.1
MPU High-Performance Etch Ratio GLpr/GLph	1.39	1.36	1.32	1.29	1.26	1.23	1.20	1.17
Power Supply Voltage (V)								
Vdd (V)	0.86	0.85	0.83	0.81	0.80	0.78	0.77	0.75
Intrinsic Transistor Frequency [1/(CVI)] (1/psec)								
Bulk	1.04	1.14	1.20	1.27	1.33			
SOI	1.13	1.23	1.28	1.29	1.44	1.48	1.59	1.74
MugFET (MG)				1.53	1.63	1.75	1.84	1.97
8% TREND NEED DRIVER - FOR REFERENCE ONLY	1.00	1.08	1.17	1.26	1.36	1.47	1.59	1.71
On-chip local clock (Ghz)	5.50	5.72	5.95	6.19	6.44	6.69	6.96	7.24
Maximum number wiring levels	13	13	13	13	14	14	14	14
450mm Production Risk Starts (1Kwspm)				2016				
450mm Production High Volume Manufacturing (100Kwspm)						2018		

Table ORTC1 2013 ORTC Technology Trend Targets–2020-2028

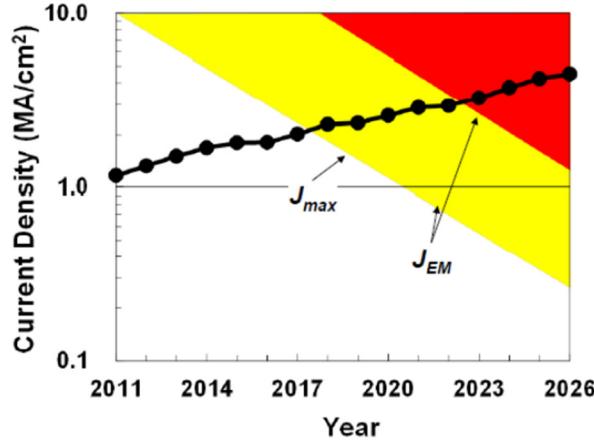


Figure INTC9

Evolution of J_{max} (from device requirement) and J_{EM} (from targeted lifetime)

ITRS 2012 Update (Data not available in ITRS 2013):

Year of Production	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
Flash $\frac{1}{2}$ Pitch (nm) (un-contacted Poly) [2]	22	20	18	17	15	14,2	13,0	11,9	10,9	10,0	8,9	8,0	8,0	8,0	8,0	8,0
DRAM $\frac{1}{2}$ Pitch (nm) (contacted) [1,2]	36	32	28	25	23	20,0	17,9	15,9	14,2	12,6	11,3	10,0	8,9	8,0	7,1	6,3
MPU/ASIC/Metal 1 (M1) $\frac{1}{2}$ Pitch (nm) [1,2]	38	32	27	24	21	18,9	16,9	15,0	13,4	11,9	10,6	9,5	8,4	7,5	6,7	6,0
MPU/High-Performance Printed Gate Length (GL _{pr}) (nm) [1,2]	35	31	28	25	22	19,8	17,7	15,7	14,0	12,5	11,1	9,9	8,8	7,9	6,79	5,87
MPU/High-Performance Physical Gate Length (GL _{ph}) (nm) [1]	24	22	20	18	17	15,3	14,0	12,8	11,7	10,6	9,7	8,9	8,1	7,4	6,6	5,9
SRAM Cell (6-transistor) Area factor ++	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60,0	60,0
Logic Gate (4-transistor) Area factor ++	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175,0	175,0
SRAM Cell (6-transistor) Area efficiency ++	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63	0,63
Logic Gate (4-transistor) Area efficiency ++	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50	0,50
SRAM Cell (6-transistor) Area (μm^2) ++	0,09	0,061	0,043	0,034	0,027	0,021	0,017	0,014	0,011	0,009	0,007	0,005	0,004	0,0034	0,0027	0,0021
SRAM Cell (6-transistor) Area w/overhead (μm^2) ++	0,137	0,097	0,069	0,055	0,043	0,034	0,027	0,022	0,017	0,014	0,011	0,0086	0,0068	0,0054	0,0043	0,0062
Logic Gate (4-transistor) Area (μm^2) ++	0,25	0,18	0,13	0,10	0,079	0,063	0,050	0,039	0,031	0,025	0,020	0,016	0,012	0,010	0,0078	0,0062
Logic Gate (4-transistor) Area w/overhead (μm^2) ++	0,50	0,35	0,25	0,20	0,16	0,13	0,10	0,079	0,063	0,050	0,039	0,031	0,025	0,020	0,0157	0,0124
Transistor density SRAM (Mtransistors/cm ²)	4,365	6,173	8,730	10,999	13,858	17,459	21,997	27,715	34,919	43,995	55,430	69,838	87,990	110,860	139,675	175,980
Transistor density logic (Mtransistors/cm ²)	798	1,129	1,596	2,011	2,534	3,193	4,022	5,068	6,385	8,045	10,136	12,770	16,090	20,272	25,541	32,179
Generation at introduction *	p13c	p13c	p16c	p16c	p19c	p19c	p22c	p22c	p25c	p25c	p28c	p28c	p28c	p28c	p28c	p28c
Functions per chip at introduction (million transistors [Mtransistors])	3092	3092	6184	6184	6184	12368	12368	24736	24736	49471	49471	49471	49471	49471	49471	49471
Chip size at introduction (mm ²) I	280	222	280	222	176	280	222	176	280	222	176	280	222	176	280	222
OH % of Total Chip Area	27,9%	35,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%	42,8%
Logic Core+SRAM (Without OH Average Density (M cm^{-2}))	1532	2166	3063	3859	4862	6126	7718	9725	12252	15437	19449	24505	30874	38899	49,009	61,748
Cost performance MPU (Mtransistors/cm ² at introduction) (including on-chip SRAM) I	1104	1391	1753	2209	2783	3506	4417	5565	7012	8834	11130	14023	17668	22261	28,047	35,336
Generation at production *	p11c	p11c	p13c	p13c	p13c	p16c	p16c	p19c	p19c	p19c	p22c	p22c	p22c	p25c	p25c	p25c
Functions per chip at production (million transistors [Mtransistors])	1546	1546	3092	3092	6184	6184	6184	12368	12368	12368	24736	24736	24736	24736	24736	49,471
Chip size at production (mm ²) §§	140	99	140	111	88	140	111	88	140	111	88	140	111	88	111	88
OH % of Total Chip Area	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%	27,9%
Logic Core+SRAM (Without OH Average Density (M cm^{-2})) at production, including on-chip SRAM I	1532	2166	3063	3859	4862	6126	7718	9725	12252	15437	19449	24505	30874	38899	49,009	49,009
Cost performance MPU (Mtransistors/cm ² at production, including on-chip SRAM) I	1104	1562	2209	2783	3506	4417	5565	7012	8834	11130	14023	17668	22261	28,047	35,336	35,336

ITRS 2015

Table INTC2 - MPU Interconnect Technology Requirements																
Year of Production	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
DRAM ½ Pitch (nm) (contacted)	24	22	20	18	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	8		
MPU/ASIC Metal 1 ½ Pitch (nm)(contacted)	26	18	18	12	12	9	9	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
MPU Physical Gate Length (nm)	16,8	15,3	14,0	12,8	11,7	10,65	9,72	8,87	8,10	7,39	6,75	6,16	5,62	5,13		
Number of metal levels (includes ground planes and passive devices)	10	11	11	12	12	13	13	15	15	17	17	19	19	21	21	
Total interconnect length (m/cm ²) – Metal 1 and five intermediate levels, active wiring only [1]	3.846	5.556	5.556	8.333	8.333	11.111	11.111	16.667	16.667	16.667	16.667	16.667	16.667	16.667	16.667	
Interlevel metal insulator – effective dielectric constant (κ)	2.55.3.00	2.40.2.78	2.40.2.78	2.15.2.46	2.15.2.46	2.15.2.46	2.15.2.46	1.88.2.28	1.88.2.28	1.88.2.28	1.88.2.28	1.88.2.28	1.88.2.28	1.88.2.28	1.88.2.28	
Interlevel metal insulator – bulk dielectric constant (κ)	2.55	2.40.2.55/ 1.0	2.40.2.55/ 1.0	2.40.2.55/ 1.0	2.40.2.55/ 1.0	2.40.2.55/ 1.0	2.40.2.55/ 1.0	2.00.2.55 / 1.0								
Copper diffusion barrier and etch stop – bulk dielectric constant (κ)	3.00.3.50	2.60.3.00	2.60.3.00	2.40.2.60	2.40.2.60	2.40.2.60	2.40.2.60	2.10.2.40	2.10.2.40	2.10.2.40	2.10.2.40	2.10.2.40	2.10.2.40	2.10.2.40	2.10.2.40	
METAL 1, INTERMEDIATE WIRES																
Metal 1 wiring pitch (nm)	52	36	36	24	24	18	18	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Metal 1 A/R (for Cu)	1,9	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,1	2,1	2,1	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,2	2,2	
Barrier/cladding thickness (for Cu Metal 1 wiring) (nm)	1,9	1,3	1,3	1,0	1,0	0,8	0,8	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	0,6	
Cu thinning at minimum pitch due to erosion (nm), 10% × height, 50% areal density, 500 µm square array	4,9	3,6	3,6	2,5	2,5	1,9	1,9	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	1,3	
Conductor effective resistivity ($\mu\Omega\text{-cm}$) Cu intermediate wiring including effect of width-dependent scattering and a conformal barrier of thickness specified below [2]	5,1	6,4	6,4	8,4	8,4	10,4	10,4	12,9	12,9	12,9	12,9	12,9	12,9	12,9	12,9	
*(Maximum and Minimum are divided into separate rows for easier calculation.																
**Higher and Lower values are divided into separate rows for easier calculation.																
***Wire and Via are divided into separate rows for easier calculation.																

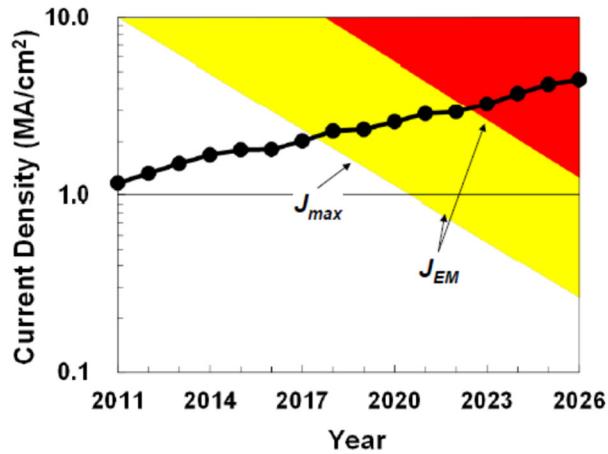


Figure INTC6 Evolution of J_{max} (from device requirement) and J_{EM} (from targeted lifetime)